

Sandleford Park West  
Newbury

## **Arboricultural Impact Assessment**

February 2020  
9219\_AIA.004 Rev C

Project Details	
<b>Client:</b>	Donnington New Homes
<b>Project:</b>	Sandleford Park West, Newbury
<b>Report Title:</b>	Arboricultural Impact Assessment
<b>Project Number:</b>	9219
<b>File Reference:</b>	9219_AIA.004 Rev C
<b>Date:</b>	01/02/2020

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## Executive Summary

- i) **Introduction.** Aspect Arboriculture are commissioned by Donnington New Homes to undertake an Arboricultural Survey and produce a subsequent Arboricultural Impact Assessment in respect of proposed residential development at Sandleford Park West, Newbury.
- ii) **Proposals.** The proposals comprise an outline application proposing up to 500 new homes, including Class C3 extra care units as part of 40% affordable housing, a 1 form entry primary school, expansion land for Park House Academy School, access from Warren Road and emergency access from Kendrick Road, a recreational facility for families of children with special needs, green infrastructure including children's play area and informal open space, pedestrian and cycle links through the site, sustainable drainage and other infrastructure. Implemented planning permission reference 14/02416/FUL is proposed to serve Phase 1. A separate application for the widening of Warren Road to 6m is being considered by West Berkshire Council (ref 19/02707/FUL). The implementation of those works would provide an access solution beyond Phase 1.
- iii) **Surveys.** The site was originally surveyed by Aspect in April 2016 following the guidance contained within BS5837:2012. To ensure that this application is accurate and robust, the tree survey information was updated during July 2019 to account for any changes to the trees' condition and for interim growth.
- iv) **Statutory Designations.** Background checks reveal that the site is not within a Conservation Area, but that three tree preservation orders afford protection to offsite trees: A collection of trees within the grounds of Park House School are afforded protection within Tree Preservation Order 201/21/916; trees within adjacent property 'Wildwoods' are afforded protection within TPO 201/21/0487; and, those within the gardens of properties fronting Garden Close Lane are afforded protection within TPO 201/21/0742.
- v) **Arboricultural Impact.** The arboricultural impact of the proposed development are described by net tree losses, totalling 24no. individual trees, 14no. groups of trees, and 7no. hedgerows, in addition, the partial clearance of two group of trees will be required. A preliminary tree protection drawing is provided to demonstrate the deliverability of safeguarding measures for retained trees and to highlight which trees are recommended for removal.

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Background & Proposals

1.1.1 Aspect Arboriculture are instructed by Donnington New Homes to establish and report on the arboricultural impact of proposed residential development at Sandleford Park West, Newbury.

1.1.2 The proposals comprise an outline application proposing up to 500 new homes, including Class C3 extra care units as part of 40% affordable housing, a 1 form entry primary school, expansion land for Park House Academy School, access from Warren Road and emergency access from Kendrick Road, a recreational facility for families of children with special needs, green infrastructure including children's play area and informal open space, pedestrian and cycle links through the site, sustainable drainage and other infrastructure. Implemented planning permission reference 14/02416/FUL is proposed to serve Phase 1. A separate application for the widening of Warren Road to 6m is being considered by West Berkshire Council (ref 19/02707/FUL). The implementation of those works would provide an access solution beyond Phase 1.

## 1.2 Site Overview

1.2.1 The application area extends to a number of agricultural fields within New Warren Farm and the curtilage of Sanfoin, forming the site's western extent. The majority of the site is currently under pastoral usage, with the Sanfoin area comprising an extensive domestic garden. The site is administered by West Berkshire Council (WBC) as the Local Planning Authority (LPA), who have allocated the site to receive development, as part of the wider Sandleford Strategic Site Allocation.

## 1.3 Existing Tree Stock

1.3.1 The extant assemblage is representative of the current context, comprising a patchwork of agricultural fields, currently under pastoral usage, occupying two sides of a valley. The field boundaries are defined by a network of field boundary hedgerows, which contain a significant number of mature trees, considered to be of moderate and high arboricultural quality, (individually and when considered as collectives). These mature components primarily comprise native broadleaves (English Oak and Ash), with more occasional Sycamore, Field Maple & Scots Pine.

1.3.2 The bottom of the valley is occupied by a parcel of broadleaf woodland (Brick Kiln Copse) which, whilst not ancient, is considered to be of high arboricultural quality. The individual components of the copse are of mixed quality; the edge components contain mature moderate and high quality trees, whilst the interior comprises predominantly early mature low quality Sycamore, Silver Birch and Alder. Many of the Sycamore and Silver Birch within the interior have collapsed due to rootplate failure as a result of waterlogged ground conditions.

## 2 Statutory Designations

### 2.1 Conservation Area

2.1.1 Background checks reveal that the site is not located within a Conservation Area (WBC, September 2019).

### 2.2 Tree Preservation Orders

2.2.1 It is also understood that three Tree Preservation Orders afford protection to offsite tree cover adjacent to the application area which are identified within Appendix A (WBC, October 2019):

2.2.2 **TPO 201/21/0916** affords protection to 2no. Oak, 9no. Lime and 6no. Scots Pine to the north of Warren Road within the grounds of Park House School. These are identified as T329 and G31 within Aspect's tree survey.

2.2.3 **TPO 201/21/0742** affords protection to 3no. Oak (T263 – T265) offsite within a neighbouring residential garden associated with a property on Garden Close Lane.

2.2.4 **TPO 201/21/0487** comprises an area order affording protection to intermittent offsite tree cover within 'Wildwoods' to the south.

## 3 Policy Review

### 3.1 The National Planning Policy Framework

3.1.1 The NPPF (2019) provides planning policy guidance at a National level. With respect to arboriculture, it considers that 'decisions should contribute to and enhance the natural and local environment by: recognising the intrinsic character and beauty of the countryside, and the wider benefits from natural capital and ecosystem services – including the economic and other benefits of the best and most versatile agricultural land, and of trees and woodland' (para 170b), and; 'development resulting in the loss or deterioration of irreplaceable habitats (such as ancient woodland and ancient or veteran trees) should be refused, unless there are wholly exceptional reasons and a suitable compensation strategy exists' (para. 175c).

3.1.2 For clarity, although the presence of veteran trees is suggested within the Woodland Trust's records, it is Aspect's opinion, based on the trees' condition, and absence of necessary features, that although established, none of the trees are veteran. There are subsequently no ancient or veteran trees, or any areas of designated ancient woodland, within influence of the application area against which the tests of paragraph 175c can be applied.

### 3.2 The West Berkshire Core Strategy

3.2.1 In terms of development control at a local level, West Berkshire Council (WBC) has a statutory obligation to ensure adequate provision is made for the preservation of trees through Section 197 of the Town and Country Planning Act (1990). The West Berkshire

Core Strategy 2006-2026 (adopted July 2012) is the Council's current primary development control documents; within which, Policies CS3 and CS14 are the tests considered relevant in the context of this development (relevant parts are reproduced below).

### 3.2.2 POLICY CS3 (Sandleford Strategic Site Allocation):

*Within the area identified at Sandleford Park, a sustainable and high quality mixed use development will be delivered in accordance with the following parameters:*

- *Two vehicular accesses will be provided off Monks Lane with an additional sustainable transport link for pedestrians, cyclists and buses provided from Warren Road onto the Andover Road;*
- *A network of green infrastructure to be provided which will:*
  - *conserve the areas of ancient woodland and provide appropriate buffers between the development and the ancient woodland;*
  - *mitigate the increased recreational pressure on nearby sensitive wildlife sites, secure strategic biodiversity enhancements;*
  - *provide a country park or equivalent area of public open space in the southern part of the site; and*
  - *respect the landscape significance of the site on the A339 approach road into Newbury*

### 3.2.3 POLICY CS14 (Design Principles):

*New development must demonstrate high quality and sustainable design that respects and enhances the character and appearance of the area, and makes a positive contribution to the quality of life in West Berkshire. Good design relates not only to the appearance of a development, but the way in which it functions. Considerations of design and layout must be informed by the wider context, having regard not just to the immediate area, but to the wider locality. Development shall contribute positively to local distinctiveness and sense of place.*

*Development proposals will be expected to:*

- *Make efficient use of land whilst respecting the density, character, landscape and biodiversity of the surrounding area*



#### 3.2.4 POLICY CS18 (Green Infrastructure):

*Developments resulting in the loss of green infrastructure or harm to its use or enjoyment by the public will not be permitted. Where exceptionally it is agreed that an area of green infrastructure can be lost a new one of equal or greater size and standard will be required to be provided in an accessible location close by.*

## 4 Arboricultural Impact

### 4.1 Net Tree Removals<sup>1</sup>

- 4.1.1 Trees are recommended for removal where: a) it is necessary and unavoidable to site development within proximity to existing trees, such that they cannot be confidently retained in the long-term as living features, and/or b), where the amenity value of the tree will be significantly reduced as a result of the proposals, particularly if already of a low retention priority.
- 4.1.2 Arboricultural input has been provided during the design of both the proposed development parameters plan, the site's drainage strategy, and its ecological strategy. Subsequently, the mature trees which separate the fields within the application area, are retained, which alongside Brick Kiln Copse form the site's network of Green infrastructure.
- 4.1.3 To facilitate interconnectivity between the separate development parcels within the application area and the drainage strategy, it is necessary to remove a total of 24no. individual trees, 14no. groups of trees, and 7no. hedgerows and to partially remove a further two groups of trees.
- 4.1.4 Of these, only 9no. trees are to be removed to accommodate the proposed drainage strategy within Brick Kiln Copse, which are detailed within a Brick Kiln Copse Topic Paper which accompanies the application. The remaining 15no. individual trees, 14no. groups of trees, and 7no. hedgerows are required to provide interconnectivity between development parcels identified on the parameters plan. Through design however, proposed roadways utilise existing gateways and removals are focussed upon the weakest elements of tree belts (including 27 no. category U trees).
- 4.1.5 Category U trees, which are recommended to be removed regardless of development proposals comprise: T12, T15, T71, T170, T173, T175 Ash; T66, T69, T73, T82, T191, T192, T206, T236, T291 English Oak; T123, T168 False Acacia; T217, T255, T256, T264, T312, T387 Sycamore; and Group G3 Leyland Cypress & Elm.

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<sup>1</sup>All tree works should be timed to avoid the main nesting season for birds between 1st March and 31st August. If scheduled within this period it is recommended that an ecologist is present to advise on any necessary protective measures, and on hand to confirm that tree works are not likely to cause disturbance to nesting birds.

4.1.6 Table 1 below details the extent of tree removal required to introduce the proposed development to the allocated site.

Table 1: Net Tree Removals by BS5837 Category

Category A	Category B	Category C
<b>T70</b> Sycamore	<b>T308, T313</b> Sycamore	<b>T6</b> English Oak
	<b>T309</b> Scots Pine	<b>T183, T184</b> Hawthorn
	<b>T310</b> Beech	<b>T298</b> Ash
	<b>G6Δ+</b>	<b>T299</b> Silver Birch
	<b>G13, G15, G17, G27, G29 +</b>	<b>T301</b> Goat Willow
	<b>G29</b> Corsican Pine & Sycamore	<b>T305</b> Beech
		<b>T306</b> False Acacia
		<b>T307, T311</b> Sycamore
		<b>G7 Δ+</b>
		<b>G10, G14, G16, G23, G26, G33, H6 +</b>
		<b>G28</b> Lime
		<b>G32</b> Apple, Pear
		<b>H4, H8</b> Leyland Cypress
		<b>H9</b> Western Red Cedar, Leyland Cypress
		<b>H11</b> Beech
		<b>H13</b> Beech, Holly
		<b>H21</b> Lawson Cypress, Leyland Cypress

Δ Denotes partial removal

+ Denotes composition of three or more species (refer to Appendix B for detail on composition)

4.1.7 Ongoing arboricultural input will be required during detailed layout design, to ensure the confident protection of retained trees within the scheme from both direct and indirect impacts of the development. This level of design of each development parcel is anticipated to be addressed as part of a future Reserved Matters application.

4.1.8 Due to the site's topography, and existing natural drainage, the allocated site's drainage scheme needs to tie in with an existing watercourse within Brick Kiln Copse (W2). The tree survey has been extended to inform the design of the SuDS proposals, enabling the retention of the higher quality tree cover. The proposed scheme has been sensitively designed to utilise the existing ditches and ponds within the woodland interior, thereby minimising the extent of tree removal required.

4.1.9 Table 2 overleaf details the extent of tree removal required to implement the drainage scheme. Through the minimisation of removals, and focussing on lower quality components, the drainage scheme can be installed, whilst retaining the integrity of the woodland. In addition, its inclusion as part of the site's green infrastructure, provides the opportunity to secure a scheme of woodland management, which can provide betterment to the structure and function of the copse.

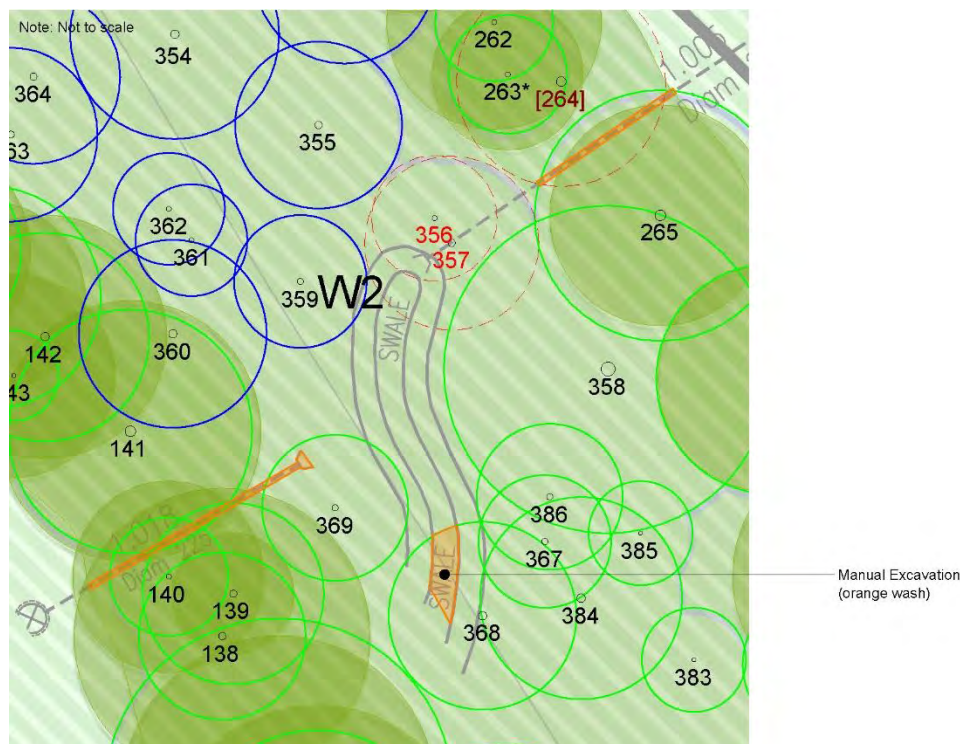
Table 2: Tree Removals to implement drainage strategy by BS5837 Category

Category A	Category B	Category C
None	T341, T343-T345 Alder T342 Sycamore T350 English Oak T356 Hornbeam T357 Lime	T158 Ash

## 4.2 Vulnerable Trees

- 4.2.1 The proposed drainage scheme requires an attenuation basin to the north of Brick Kiln Copse, and cellular attenuation to its east and west. The drainage scheme is located in part within a 15m buffer; which, although the copse is not Ancient Woodland has been provided in accordance with the LPA's request.
- 4.2.2 Treating the buffer provided in the same manner as current standing advice for ancient woodland, allows for the introduction of sustainable drainage schemes subject to their design respecting root protection areas. Subsequently, the construction of the elements of the proposed drainage system which occur within the 15m buffer is considered acceptable in arboricultural terms and in accordance with current standing advice.
- 4.2.3 **SuDS within W2 (Brick Kiln Copse):** The topography of the site means that it currently drains via an existing stream within W2 (refer to figure 1. overleaf). Whilst the scheme is retaining W2 as a Green Infrastructure asset as detailed within a separate Brick Kiln Copse Topic Paper and bringing it under a regime of management, the drainage scheme must tie into this stream.
- 4.2.4 In order to tie the SuDS proposals into the stream, it will be necessary to install piped connections. These are understood to necessitate shallow excavation works to install small diameter pipework to enter the woodland the woodland. The route of the pipework has been designed to ensure the shortest extent of excavation possible, utilising existing ditches where possible, and to minimise disturbance to significant trees.
- 4.2.5 Within Brick Kiln Copse, the excavation works within RPAs to construct a proposed swale connection to the existing watercourse will amount to shallow scalloping of the upper soil profile, with battered sides. Therefore the extent of excavation within the RPAs will be limited, especially close to the retained trees, and will be flexible in terms of depth according to the presence of roots.
- 4.2.6 The areas of excavation required to install the connective pipework, and swale to link with the existing stream are illustrated within Appendix C with an orange hatch.
- 4.2.7 As a precautionary measure, and to minimise root severance, the excavation works detailed above should be carried out under direct arboricultural supervision following the guidance contained within section 7.2 of BS5837:2012.

4.2.8 Figure 1. Brick Kiln Copse: Supervised Excavation



4.2.9 To provide connectivity between development parcels to the east of Brick Kiln Copse, it will be necessary to introduce a proposed road within the 15m buffer afforded to the copse. Locating the access road further east outside the buffer was explored during design, however, this would necessitate the removal of additional trees and punctuating a mature hedgerow, which is being retained as part of the site’s green infrastructure provision.

4.2.10 Whilst passing through a short section of buffer, the route of the proposed road is utilising an existing field gate and agricultural access, and is outside the RPAs of the woodland edge components. Subsequently it can be constructed without detriment to either the copse or its individual edge components.

4.3 **Protective Barriers**

4.3.1 It will be important to protect retained trees’ above-ground structures and underlying RPAs from damage during construction works. To achieve this, the barrier specification for direct protection should consist of the default specification provided in BS5837:2012, and be erected prior to the commencement of construction works.

4.3.2 The location for the default tree protection fencing is illustrated within Appendix C with a bold blue line. It would be prudent for the project arboriculturist to oversee the initial setting out of tree protection barriers and provide written confirmation to the LPA’s arboricultural officer on completion.

## 4.4 Pruning Works<sup>2</sup>

- 4.4.1 Dead branches should be entirely removed from the canopies of retained trees. Although this work is not required to facilitate construction or use of the proposed route, it will help mitigate the risk of future tree related hazards emerging.
- 4.4.2 Pruning works should be undertaken in accordance with section 7.3 (for removal of deadwood) of BS3998:2010, by a competent tree contractor, to ensure that cuts are performed correctly and positioned so as to avoid future structural defects or physiological issues, facilitate growth and maintain aesthetic value.

## 4.5 Mitigation Replanting

- 4.5.1 The parameters plan is accompanied by a green infrastructure plan (ref.: A090455\_SP-06), both of which include mitigatory tree planting and proposed green corridors. This provides the potential for improving the distribution of the site's tree cover, and will comprise predominantly native species, which are suitable for inclusion within the proposed residential setting. The proposed landscaping will seek to complement and reinforce the retained established tree cover, thereby improving the longevity and resilience of the application area's amenity.
- 4.5.2 The generally low quality, and neglected nature of the interior of W2 provides an opportunity for the woodland's structure to be improved, through the introduction of a sensitive scheme of ongoing management. This can be introduced whilst providing the drainage proposals, and can provide betterment to the woodland parcel's long term potential and resilience.

# 5 Conclusions

- 5.1.1 The proposed parameters plan has been informed by a survey of the existing tree stock, and a review of relevant policy tests. Subsequently, tree losses have been minimised to those which are unavoidable, and major on lower quality components of the treestock. The proposals are accompanied by a green infrastructure plan, which will enhance the distribution of tree cover within the site.
- 5.1.2 The principle of introducing development to the allocated site is considered acceptable from the arboricultural perspective subject to arboricultural input during detailed design, and safeguards for protecting retained trees during construction.
- 5.1.3 WBC's Planning Policies do not preclude the removal of trees to facilitate development, but require their replacement within a well designed landscape scheme to replace their Green Infrastructure contribution. The proposed development is

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<sup>2</sup> All tree works should be timed to avoid the main nesting season for birds between 1st March and 31st August. If scheduled within this period it is recommended that an ecologist is present to advise on any necessary protective measures, and on hand to confirm that tree works are not likely to cause disturbance to nesting birds.

subsequently understood to accord with WBC's adopted Policies CS3, CS14, CS18, and NPPF paragraph 175c.

## 6 Recommendations

- 6.1.1 Pursuant to the Council's preference to ensure confident tree retention during development, ongoing arboricultural input should be provided during detailed design, subsequently, for each development parcel, and works detailed within the Brick Kiln Copse Topic Paper, a detailed Arboricultural Method Statement should be prepared, which expands on Appendix C. This could be secured by Condition.
- 6.1.2 The Arboricultural Method Statements could address matters including: specification for tree protection barriers, including revisions to barrier locations; a schedule of tree works; works within RPAs; phasing of work; and a scheme for auditing tree protection and subsequent reporting to the LPA should feature explicitly throughout.
- 6.1.3 Detailed Tree Protection Drawings should be prepared to 1:500 scale to support the AMS, with detail given of proposed levels and service routes.

### Prepared By:

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Principal Arboricultural Consultant

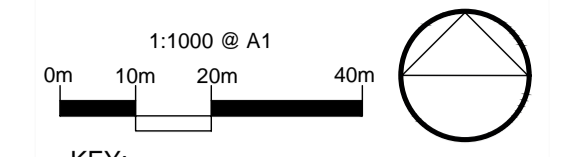
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## APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

TREE CONSTRAINTS PLAN (9219 TCP 04 Rev A)





- KEY:
- ⊙ 15 Tree Numbers
  - Tree Canopies
  - Category 'U' Trees
  - Category 'A' RPA
  - Category 'B' RPA
  - Category 'C' RPA
  - Shading Arc
  - Tree Preservation Order

Note: Trees 175-179, 181, 183, 263, 308, 328, 387-389, Groups G6-G8, G18, G21 and Hedgerows H10 and H19 have been plotted using measurements onsite in conjunction with aerial imagery. Their locations were not recorded on the topographical survey of the site.

Note: The RPA footprint for trees 218, 219, 320, 329, 389 and group G31 (a-d, f-k & m-q) have been displaced to allow for the effect of the adopted highway. The surface area of the RPA has not been reduced.



Cited from Google Earth

REV	DATE	NOTE	Drawn	CHKD

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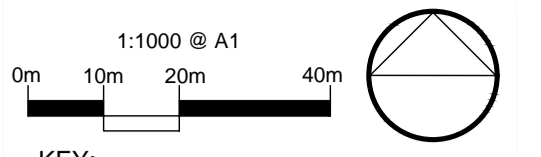
TITLE  
**New Warren Farm, Newbury Tree Constraints Plan**

CLIENT  
**Donnington New Homes**

SCALE: 1:1000 @ A1 DATE: NOV 2019 DRAWING: GW

DRAWING NUMBER: 9219 TCP 04 (North) REVISION: A

Based on topographical survey ref. WARREN-FARM-PLA-01.dwg



- KEY:**
- 15 Tree Numbers
  - Tree Canopies
  - Category 'U' Trees
  - Category 'A' RPA
  - Category 'B' RPA
  - Category 'C' RPA
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Cited from Google Earth

REV	DATE	NOTE	Drawn	CHK'd

**aspect arboriculture**

TITLE  
New Warren Farm, Newbury  
Tree Constraints Plan

CLIENT  
Donnington New Homes

SCALE 1:1000 @ A1 DATE NOV 2019 DRAWN GW

DRAWING NUMBER 9219 TCP 04 (South) REVISION A

Based on topographical survey ref. WARREN-FARM-PLA-01.dwg

APPENDIX B

TREE SURVEY SCHEDULE (9219 TS 02 Rev B)

**BS 5837:2012 Tree Schedule: Sandleford Park West,  
Newbury**

BS5837:2012 Tree Survey: Explanation of Survey Criteria

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	radial							
<p><i>Sequential reference number cited on all aspect drawing.</i></p> <p><i>Height and Crown spread measured to the nearest half meter; # denotes where this is estimated.</i></p> <p><i>e.g.: young, semi-mature, early-mature, mature or over-mature</i></p> <p><i>Area around tree deemed to contain sufficient roots and rooting volume to maintain the tree's viability, and where the protection of roots and soil structure is a priority. *The RPA has been manipulated to allow for various site features, i.e. roads, structures or changes in levels. Please refer to the Tree Constraints Plan for these changes.</i></p> <p><i>Category prefix A-C denotes arboricultural quality, decreasing from A (high) to C (low); Subcategories 1, 2 and 3 highlight associated arboricultural (1), landscape (2) and ecological (3) qualities.</i></p> <p><i>Category U trees are those in such a condition that they cannot be realistically retained as living trees in the current context for the long term.</i></p> <p><i>Measured to the nearest 10mm; # denotes estimated diameter where access is not possible.</i></p> <p><i>e.g.: above-average, average, below average or dead</i></p> <p><i>General observations, i.e. defects, preliminary management recommendation, presence of pests/disease, perceived significance.</i></p> <p><i>e.g.: good, indifferent, poor, or hazardous</i></p>															
Colour band key:		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Category A <span style="display: inline-block; width: 40px; height: 10px; background-color: #d9ead3; border: 1px solid #000; margin-left: 5px;"></span></li> <li>Category B <span style="display: inline-block; width: 40px; height: 10px; background-color: #d9e1f2; border: 1px solid #000; margin-left: 5px;"></span></li> <li>Category C <span style="display: inline-block; width: 40px; height: 10px; background-color: #f2dede; border: 1px solid #000; margin-left: 5px;"></span></li> <li>Category U <span style="display: inline-block; width: 40px; height: 10px; background-color: #f2dede; border: 1px solid #000; margin-left: 5px;"></span></li> </ul>													

The following survey should not be interpreted as a report on tree health and safety. Aspect's opinion of tree condition and structural potential is valid for a limited period of 12 months from the date of inspection. Validity is assumed in the absence of inclement weather and no change to the trees existing setting.

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
1	English Oak	680	15.5m	11.25	9	4.5	11		2.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Herbivore damage at base of stem Average internal deadwood Cohesive with and partially suppressed by T2 Structure typical for the species in context Moderate arboricultural value as collective with T2	B2	8.1
2	English Oak	1280	25	7.5	12.5	9.75	9		6	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single upright stem forking at c. 6m Hollows between buttress, likely to be aborted taproot Cohesive with T1 Structure typical for the species Moderate example of the species at maturity	B12	15
3	Sycamore	380 400	14m	7	6.5	7	7.5		0.5	2.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking at c. 1m Unremarkable example of the species, considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	6.6
4	Ash	880	22m	12.75	9	9.25	7.75		2	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Single stem forking at c. 2m Prominent surface roots to the south west of stem Failed sub dominant to the west, wound exposing heartwood Prominent component of H2 visible for moderate distances to the north and south Categorised as a collective with T5	B2	10.5
5	Ash	590 540	21m	9.75	8	10	6.75		1	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Single stem forking at c. 1m Prominent component of H2 visible for moderate distances to the north and south Categorised as a collective with T5	B2	9.6
6	English Oak	1270	13m	5.5	7.5	12.5	9.25		4	2	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Stand alone independent feature Single stout trunk, cattle poaching at base Sparse canopy with die back Considered to be of low arboricultural quality	C1	15
7	Ash	540 490 360	20m	9.75	6	10	8.25		0.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Single stem forking low at c. 0.5m into three co-dominants Cattle poaching damage at base of stem Cohesive and reliant upon companion shelter with T8 and T9 Considered to be of low arboricultural quality	C1	9.9
8	Ash	590	20m	10	3	12	3		1.75	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Single stem forking at c. 1.75m Cattle poaching damage at base of stem Cohesive and reliant upon companion shelter with T8 and T9 Considered to be of low arboricultural quality	C1	7.2
9	Ash	580	18.5m	5.25	2.5	10	3		4	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Single stem forking low at c. 0.5m into three co-dominants Cattle poaching damage at base of stem Significant storm damage to the north canopy, now predominantly forming to the south Cohesive and reliant upon companion shelter with T8 and T9 Considered to be of low arboricultural quality	C1	6.9
10	Ash	580	22m	11	4	8.75	8.5		5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem specimen Cohesive canopy with T11 Structure typical for the species in context Prominent component of H2 visible for moderate distances to the north and south Categorised as a collective with T11	B2	6.9

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
11	English Oak	780	22m	12	9.25	11.75	6.5		5	2.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem specimen Cohesive canopy with T10 Structure typical for the species in context Prominent component of H2 visible for moderate distances to the north and south Categorised as a collective with T10	B2	9.3
12	Ash	625	16m	10	7.75	10	6.75		3	4	Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	Single stem with significant longitudinal column of decay from base extending into the scaffold structure Sparse, poorly structured canopy with die back Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
14	English Oak	940	11m	7.5	5.75	8.5	8.75		2	2	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Independent component of H3 Significant cattle poaching at base of stem Minor die back throughout canopy Squat, radially distributed and balanced canopy Considered to be of moderate arboricultural quality	B2	11.4
15	Ash	240 390 130 260 190	12.5m	5	5	7	9		0	2	Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	Multi stemmed from base, north most stem has failed and is now hung up in H3, central leader has snapped out at c. 1.2m Significant epicormic growth around base Considered to be of very low arboricultural quality	U	N/A
16	English Oak	840 580	17.5m	10.5	8	7.75	12.25		1	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forming co-dominants at c. 1m Typical balanced scaffold structure for the species Considered to be of moderate arboricultural quality	B2	12.3
17	English Oak	730 540	16.5m	9	9	7	8.75		1	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forming co-dominants at c. 1m Typical balanced scaffold structure for the species Considered to be of moderate arboricultural quality	B2	10.8
18	English Oak	710 400 590 310	22.5m					11	5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	12.6
19	English Oak	650	19m					8.75	3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
20	English Oak	750 410	18m					8.5	1.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	10.2
21	English Oak	570	11m					6.5	2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
22	English Oak	500 300#	12m					8.5	3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
23	English Oak	600#	14m					8.75	3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.2
24	English Oak	730	14m					6.75	4	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Small cavity at the base of stem, holding water Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.7

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
25	English Oak	1160	15m					10	6	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	13.8
26	English Oak	900	16m					12.5	8	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	10.8
27	English Oak	500#	9m					4	2	2	Early Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Component of W1 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Visible die back within the upper canopy Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6
28	Holly	365 360 345 125 160 350 440 420 100 425 260	12.5m	5.25	5.75	7	6.5		1.5	0.5	Over Mature	Average	Indifferent	Lapsed coppice stool, multi stemmed from c. 0.5m, numerous stems have columns of decay extending from base to c. 3m Cattle poaching around base with callus growth forming at wounds Epicormic burring throughout stems Prominent buttress roots Northern most component of a wider tree belt extending to the south along field boundary Considered to be of high arboricultural value and possible veteran interest	A12	12
29	English Oak	1090 oi	18m	5	10.25	5.5	5		2	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	13.2
30	English Oak	370 oi	17m	3	4	3.5	5.5		4.5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Drawn up etiolated structure Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.5
31	English Oak	650 oi	19m	3.25	7	7	5.5		4.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.8
32	English Oak	560 oi	18m	4.25	9.25	4.25	3		3.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6



Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
33	English Oak	460 430 380	18m	6	8.5	5	4		3	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Multi stemmed from c. 0.5m, bole appears to have been previously layed Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	8.7
34	English Oak	460	15m	4	7	5	5.25		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
35	English Oak	310 500	15m	5.25	8.5	5.25	6.5		0.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Multi stemmed from c. 0.5m, bole appears to have been previously layed Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.2
36	English Oak	2*360 230 oi	12m	4	7.75	5.75	7		1	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Multi stemmed from c. 0.5m, bole appears to have been previously layed Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6
37	English Oak	1370	21m	10	11.25	11	13		5	7	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Visible bulging around the base of stem Dominant radially distributed canopy Above average epicormic growth throughout Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A12	15
38	English Oak	180 240 580 300	20m	4	7.75	4	3.5		1.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Drawn up etiolated structure Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	8.7
39	English Oak	390 240 440	17m	4	8.5	3.25	6		0.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.5

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				N	E	S	W	Radial								
40	English Oak	520 660	17m	6	8.5	3.75	6		0.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	10.2
41	English Oak	380 500 oi	17m	4	4.5	4	8.5		5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.5
42	English Oak	330	18m	4.5	3.75	1.25	5.25		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	3.9
43	English Oak	390	18m	2.5	8	4.5	0		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.8
44	English Oak	1080 oi	21m	10	10.75	7.75	10.5		4	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Dominant radially distributed canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	12.9
45	English Oak	570 580 500	22m	3.75	9.5	7	10		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	11.4
46	English Oak	470 620	22m	5.5	10	3	6.75		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9.3

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				N	E	S	W	Radial								
47	English Oak	490 240	18m	8.5	9	3	7		0.5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6
48	English Oak	760	18m	6.25	9	3	0.5		1.75	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9
49	English Oak	300	12m	2.75	8.75	3	0.5		4	2	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	3.6
50	English Oak	1060	20m	6.5	9.5	7.25	8.5		5	2.75	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Dominant radially distributed canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	12.6
51	English Oak	660	20m	4.25	7	4	7.5		4.5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.8
52	English Oak	440	20m	0.5	7	5.5	5		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
53	English Oak	470 330 230 370 530	20m	5	7.25	3	6.5		0.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	10.8

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				N	E	S	W	Radial								
54	English Oak	465 480 420	18m	3.75	9.25	3.75	9		5	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Wound on stem with exposed heartwood and associated decay Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9.6
55	English Oak	620	20m	3	8	5	3		4	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.5
56	English Oak	1310	20m	5.25	11.25	8.5	11		6	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Dominant radially distributed canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	15
57	English Oak	730 oi	20m	4.5	9	1.75	6		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	8.7
58	English Oak	540 oi	20m	4.5	8.25	2.25	1		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6
59	English Oak	800	20m	5.5	10.5	4.25	5.5		6	7	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9.6
60	English Oak	425 465	13m	3.75	11	2.75	2.5		4	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.5

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
61	English Oak	420 610	20m	6	10	5	10		4	2.5	Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9
62	English Oak	220 330 700 oi	20m	5	10	2	11.5		4	2.5	Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9.6
63	English Oak	610 420	19m	4.75	7.75	3	10		5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9
64	English Oak	880	18m	4.75	8.75	5.5	6.25		5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	10.5
65	English Oak	950	18m	9	11	6	8		5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Dominant radially distributed canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	11.4
66	English Oak	950	17m					4.5	3		Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Standing deadwood	U	N/A
67	Pear	290	9.5m	3.25	6.5	2.5	2.75		2	2	Early Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Individually of low arboricultural quality Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	3.6
68	English Oak	1030 oi	18m	11	12	6.25	7.75		3	2.75	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Die back in the upper canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	12.3
69	English Oak	670	10m					3.75	2		Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Standing deadwood	U	N/A

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
70	Sycamore	590	12.5m	7.5	8	5.25	6		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Individually of low arboricultural quality Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.2
71	Ash	130	11m	1.5	2	1	1.5		1.75	2	Young	Average	Poor	Significant herbivore damage Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
72	English Oak	790 620	23.5m	4	11.25	14	13		4	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Originally forked into 3no. co-dominant stems, union was weak and separating; 1no. stem has now failed Dominant canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	12
73	English Oak	625	2.5m								Mature	Dead	Poor	Remnant dead bole from previously failed specimen	U	N/A
74	English Oak	900	24m	5.5	13	6.5	11		4	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road <i>Armillaria mellea</i> on bole to west Dominant radially distributed canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	10.8
75	English Oak	560	16m	4	10.5	5.25	10		4	5	Early Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6
76	English Oak	1660	21m	10	12	6.5	13		5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as the principal component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Dominant radially distributed canopy Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	15
77	English Oak	1460	22m	10	11.5	10.25	6		6	2	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Canopy appears sparse Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	15

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
78	English Oak	760 675 260	19m	5.5	14	13	7.25		2	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	12.6
79	English Oak	960 oi	19m	7	13	5.25	7.25		4	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	11.4
80	English Oak	840 oi	21m	6	15	9	6.75		3.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	10.2
81	English Oak	950 690	21m	11	13	5.5	11.25		3	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	14.1
82	English Oak	330	10m	1	1	1	8.25		3	3	Early Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Significant die back throughout canopy Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
83	English Oak	510 320 840 oi 260 520 oi 590	19m	10.5	13	8.5	10.5		3	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Multi stemmed from c. 0.5m, bole appears to have been previously layed Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	15
84	Elm	240 190	7m					2.5	1	2	Semi Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Self set specimen Epicormic growth at base of stem Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	3.6
85	English Oak	1500	16m	9.5	10	8.5	10		3	3	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen to the north of G1 Single stout stem with significant epicormic burring throughout extending into scaffold structure Squat radially distributed canopy Prominent within internal views Good example of the species at maturity	A12	15
86	Rowan	220	8m					2.75	1.5	1.5	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Structure typical for the species Epicormic growth at base of stem Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	2.7

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
87	English Oak	360 oi	7m	2.75	2.5	4.25	5.25		1	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.2
88	English Oak	280 410 oi	11m	2.5	2	3.5	5.75		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6
89	English Oak	480	13m	5.5	3.5	3	6.5		1.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.7
90	English Oak	590 oi	13	5	2.75	5.25	6.5		1.75	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.2
91	English Oak	450	15m	4.5	4	5.5	8		2.25	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
92	English Oak	460	16m	6	3	5.5	7.25		2.5	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
93	English Oak	270	6.5m	1.75	1	6	5.5		1.5	1	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	3.3



Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
94	English Oak	490 oi	14m	6.25	3	4.25	7.25		2	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6
95	English Oak	330	8.5m	1	1	7	8		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	3.9
96	English Oak	560 oi	17m	3	1	2.5	10.5		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6
97	English Oak	400 oi	17m	6.5	1	6	10.5		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.8
98	English Oak	370 250 oi	17m	3	3	2.5	8.5		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
99	English Oak	370 oi	17m	2	1	2.5	8.5		6	6	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.5
100	English Oak	370	17m	4	1	3	9		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.5

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
101	English Oak	350 oi	17m	3	1	3	9		6	6	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.2
102	English Oak	350 oi	15m	2	1	2	10		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	4.2
103	English Oak	510 320	17m	5.75	3.5	3.75	9		1	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.2
104	English Oak	470 oi	16m	4.75	2.5	3.75	8.75		2.5	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.7
105	English Oak	2*540	15m	6.75	6	8	8		1	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	9.3
106	English Oak	450	13m	4	3	2	6.5		2.5	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
107	English Oak	500	15m	3	5	5	6.5		2	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
108	English Oak	610 oi	16m	5.5	3.5	5.25	7.5		1.75	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.2
109	English Oak	450#	10m	2.5	0	5	3		1	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of a cohesive collection of early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Heavily suppressed by companion shelter T110 Considered to be of low arboricultural value Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	C1	5.4
110	English Oak	550#	13.5m	6.5	1	7.5	9		4	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.6
111	English Oak	440	15m	5	1	4.5	8		3	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	5.4
112	English Oak	600 oi	14m	7	9.5	7	6		3	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	7.2
113	Ash	320	17m	6	5.5	5.5	5.5		4	3	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of a cohesive collection of early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Considered to be of low arboricultural value Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	C1	3.9
114	English Oak	840	21m	6	12	12	9.75		3.75	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking into a radially distributed scaffold structure typical for the species Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, mature specimens lining the boundaries of several residential properties rear gardens Provides dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south and east	A2	10.2

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
115	English Oak	660	18m	7	8	7	7#		3.5	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking into a radially distributed scaffold structure typical for the species Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, mature specimens lining the boundaries of several residential properties rear gardens Partially suppressed by dominant companions Provides dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south and east	A2	7.8
116	English Oak	1145	23m	7	10.5	11.5	10.75		4	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking into a radially distributed scaffold structure typical for the species Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, mature specimens lining the boundaries of several residential properties rear gardens Clad in Ivy extending throughout scaffold structure Minor die back within upper canopy Provides dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south and east	A2	13.8
117	English Oak	870	25m	11.5	10	5	5.75		3	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking into a radially distributed scaffold structure typical for the species Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, mature specimens lining the boundaries of several residential properties rear gardens Provides dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south and east	A2	10.5
118	English Oak	850#	21m	9	9	5.25	9		4	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking into a radially distributed scaffold structure typical for the species Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, mature specimens lining the boundaries of several residential properties rear gardens Provides dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south and east	A2	10.2
119	English Oak	450	14m	7.25	8.75	6.75	6		2.5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Single stem forking into a radially distributed scaffold structure typical for the species Considered to be category B as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, mature specimens lining the boundaries of several residential properties rear gardens Provides dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south and east	B2	5.4
120	Norway Spruce	330	14m					3	4.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Contributes to boundary screening Unremarkable example of the species, considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	3.9

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
121	Lime	950	20m	8.5#	8.5	6.75	8.5		2.5	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Principal component of G6 Single stem maintaining a single leader Radially distributed scaffold branches Considered to be a high quality example of the species at maturity Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south, west and north	A12	11.4
122	English Oak	1295 oi	21m	10	10.5	10.5	10.75		5.5	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Principal component of G6 Well balanced, radially distributed scaffold structure Considered to be a high quality example of the species at maturity Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the south, west and north	A12	15
123	False Acacia	485 440	15m					5.25	3.75	4	Mature	Below Average	Hazardous	Above average deadwood and significant die back within upper canopy Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
124	Sycamore	465	12m	7.25	7.25	4.5	3.5		2.5	1.5	Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	Self set specimen located close to farm yard buildings Cavity with associated decay a base of stem Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
125	Lime	1250	30m	9.5	12.5	11.5	4.5		3	1	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Cohesive canopy with T126 Etiolated scaffold structure with tight unions, structure typical for the species in context Prominent feature of the landscape within internal and external views Partial minor die back in areas of the canopy Reliant on T126 companion shelter Considered to be a high quality example of the species at maturity	A12	15
126	Lime	1250	30m	9.75	5.25	9.75	9.5		4	1	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Cohesive canopy with T125 Etiolated scaffold structure with tight unions, structure typical for the species in context Prominent feature of the landscape within internal and external views Partial minor die back in areas of the canopy Reliant on T125 companion shelter Considered to be a high quality example of the species at maturity	A12	15
127	English Oak	675	13m	4	5.5	10.25	8		3	1.75	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Heavily suppressed by T125 and T126 Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	8.1
128	Sycamore	370	12m	4	5	6.5	6.5		2	1.5	Early Mature	Dead	Poor	Standing deadwood	U	N/A
129	English Oak	900	20m	8.75	6	10.5	14.5		3.5	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Principal component of G9 Single stem with significant lean to the west Cohesive with T130 Considered to be of moderate value as collective with T130	B2	10.8
130	Ash	795	24m	9.5	10.25	8	8.75		6	7.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Principal component of G9 Single stem with significant lean to the west Cohesive with T129 Considered to be of moderate value as collective with T129	B2	9.6
131	Ash	345	16m	4	4	5.75	6.75		4.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of G9 Unremarkable specimen of limited merit considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	4.2

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
132	Ash	1110	18m	8	9.5	11	8.5		3.5	1.5	Mature	Average	Poor	Single stem forking at c. 3.5m, large sub dominant to the south east with significant fibre buckling on underside of stem and included bark in union Individually of low arboricultural value but forms a principal feature with companion shelter	B2	13.2
133	Ash	235 925 570 525 185 350	20m	11.25	14	11.5	12.5		3.5	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Multi stemmed from base with one leading dominant stem, Sub dominants lean out radially forming cardinal extents of the lower canopy Individually of low arboricultural value but forms a principal feature along field boundary	B2	13.8
134	Ash	300 335	20m					9	5	5.75	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.4
135	Alder	205 140 425 450 240	22m					7.5	7.5	6	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.4
136	Ash	930	26m					13.25	6	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	11.1
137	English Oak	1290	25m					13.5	4.75	2.5	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Prominent buttress extending into exposed surface roots Structure typical for the species in context	A2	15
138	Ash	475 380	24m					12.75	6.25	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.2
139	Alder	490 435	20m					5.25	7	11.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
140	Sycamore	380 170	17m					8.25	3	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1
141	Alder	485 255 435 515	21m					11.25	8.75	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	10.5
142	Alder	405 445 460	21m					10.5	12	9	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage <i>Ganoderma applanatum</i> brackets present on 2no. stems Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9
143	Sycamore	325	14m					8.75	4	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.9

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
144	Alder	800	22m					8.25	10	8	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9.6
145	Ash	735 oi	23m					9.5	6.5	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.7
146	Alder	270 280#	4.5m	0	0	0	16		0.5	0.5	Early Mature	Below Average	Hazardous	Component of W2 Recently fallen to west	U	N/A
147	Alder	375 385	20m					7.75	8.5	9	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.3
148	Alder	615	20m					6.5	8.5	7#	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.5
149	Sycamore	285	14m					6.5	2.75	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.3
150	Alder	565	19m					7.25	2	3.75	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
151	Alder	565	24m					7	6	7.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
152	Alder	555 340	21m					9.25	2.5	4.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
153	Alder	545	15m#					8.75	6.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.6
154	Ash	275	15m					9.25	4	2	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Significant herbivore damage at base of stem Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.3
155	Sycamore	550	22m					10	3	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Self set specimen emerging from woodland edge into paddock Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.6
156	Sycamore	360	16m					6	5	5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Self set specimen emerging from woodland edge into paddock Structure typical for the species in context	A2	4.2

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
157	Alder	510	21m					6	5	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Self set specimen emerging from woodland edge into paddock Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6
158	Ash	865	23m	6	6	6.75	8		5	2.5	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Component of W2 Self set specimen emerging from woodland edge into paddock Significant herbivore damage at base of stem Extensive storm damage to co-dominant stem at c. 12m Above average deadwood and die back throughout canopy Reduced future potential	C1	10.5
159	Ash	285	18m					6.5	7	4.75	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.3
160	Sycamore	460 oi	21m					6.5	4	2.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.4
161	Hazel	9*110av#	8m					6.5	1.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.9
162	Ash	255	18m					7	6.75	6.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3
163	Lime	585	25m					8	4.5	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
164	Sycamore	370	21.5m					4.75	7	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	4.5
165	Sycamore	250 170 120	13m					5.5	0.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.9
166	Sycamore	420	19m					6.5	4.5	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1
167	Ash	270 2*220	17m					8	4	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	4.8
168	False Acacia	695	16m					5#	5.5	10.5	Mature	Below Average	Hazardous	Above average deadwood and die back Unlikely to offer a long term future contribution	U	N/A



Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
169	Sycamore	565	18m					7	4.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
170	Ash	230	13m					5	4.5	5.75	Mature	Below Average	Hazardous	Originally a multi stemmed specimen that has collapsed 1no. regenerative stem remains on a decayed failed stump	U	N/A
171	English Oak	710 oi	16m					10.25	3	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Significant lean to the west Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.4
172	Ash	865#	20m	1	3.25#	7	8		3	2.25	Mature	Below Average	Hazardous	Large cavity at base of stem with associated decay extending along exposed surface roots Significant storm damage to scaffold stem Considered to be of low arboricultural quality Anticipating further failure	U	N/A
173	Ash	650 265 250#	14m	6.25	3.5#	6.25	8		2.5	2	Mature	Below Average	Hazardous	Appears to be a lapsed coppard stool with decay in bole Above average deadwood and die back in upper canopy Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
174	Ash	580 280	17m	6.5	5	4	9.75		8	2	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Dual stem from c. 0.75m, smaller stem to the east has failed at c. 3m Prominent buttress roots with herbivore damage and cavities Reliant on companion shelter Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	7.8
175	Ash	870 280 125	15m	6.75	7.5	6	6.5		2	0.5	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Component of H5 Large epicormic stems at base form a multi stemmed structure Prominent buttress roots with visible cavities and associated decay Multiple scaffold fractures, above average deadwood and die back throughout Considered to be in a state of terminal decay	U	N/A
176	English Oak	400	12m	4.25	7.5	4.5	7.5		6	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Single stem maintaining a single leader Structure typical for the species in context Moderate example of the species whilst maturing Contributes to screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B12	4.8
177	English Oak	530	16m	3	7.75	9.5	8		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Partially suppressed and cohesive with T178 Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	6.3

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)	
				N	E	S	W	Radial									
178	Ash	230 2*260 390 2*290 3*410	19m	9	11	11.25	11.25		1	1.5	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Lapsed coppice stool, regrowth now forms multi stemmed structure Prominent buttress roots extending north and south, decay in bole and herbivore damage Above average deadwood in lower canopy Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	11.7	
179	English Oak	380	8m	5	7	2.5	12.25		2	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Partially suppressed and cohesive with T178 Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	4.5	
180	English Oak	1180	16m	8	11.5	9	10		2.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Prominent buttress roots with hollows, likely to be aborted taproot Epicormic burring and callus growth at base of stem Structure typical for the species in context Above average internal deadwood Possible storm damage within canopy Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	14.1	
181	Ash	470 490 190 330 550	16m	6.5	8	8.25	10.5		0	2	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Component of H5 Lapsed coppice stool, regrowth now forms multi stemmed structure Prominent buttress roots, decay in bole and herbivore damage Above average deadwood Individually of low arboricultural quality Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	C1	11.4	
182	English Oak	740 490 660 330	19m	10	9	7.5	8		0	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Principal component of H5 Multi stemmed from base Cavities between buttress, likely to be aborted taproot Well distributed, domed structure Dense canopy with minimal internal deadwood Considered to be of high arboricultural quality Likely to be a prominent feature along the site boundary, visible for moderate distances to the east and west	A2	13.8	
183	Hawthorn	200#	6m						2.5	0.5	0.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Possible remnant of old internal field boundary hedgerow Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	2.4
184	Hawthorn	200#	3.5m						2	0.5	0.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Possible remnant of old internal field boundary hedgerow Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	2.4

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
185	English Oak	1000 640 490	19m	5.5	10	9.75	9.75		0.5	1.75	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Multi stemmed from base Average internal deadwood Suppressed to the north and cohesive with T186 Forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	15
186	English Oak	440	14m	1.5	8	7	9		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Heavily suppressed and reliant on companion shelter Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	5.4
187	English Oak	1050	21m	7.5	10.5	9	10		1.5	1.75	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Bifurcated at c. 1.5m, 1m of included bark at union Average internal deadwood Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	12.6
188	English Oak	1090	22m	9.25	11	7.5	10		5	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Partially suppressed and cohesive with companion shelter Average internal deadwood Structure typical for the species in context Forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	13.2
189	English Oak	430	16.5m	3.75	6#	3.5	7.5		3	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Partially suppressed and cohesive with companion shelter Average internal deadwood Structure typical for the species in context Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	5.1
190	Ash	410	17m	4	6#	3	6		4.5	4	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Partially suppressed and cohesive with companion shelter Average internal deadwood Structure typical for the species in context Individually of low arboricultural quality but forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	4.8
191	English Oak	600	9m					3	4	4	Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Standing deadwood	U	N/A
192	English Oak	900#	14m	5.75	4#	6.75	8.5		4	4	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Sparse canopy with significant die back throughout Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
193	Ash	670#	12m	4.5	8#	5	6.5		4.5	7	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Single stem forking at c. 4.5m into two co-dominants Heavily suppressed from companion shelter, distorting canopy structure Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	8.1
194	Ash	870	17m	5	8#	6	8		4.5	6	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Single stem forking at c. 4.5m into two co-dominants Visible limb failures throughout canopy, partially occluded wounds with associated decay Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	10.5
195	English Oak	630 340	14.5m	5	8	6	7.75		0.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Dual stem from c. 0.5m Previous stem failure to the south at c. 1m Epicormic growth throughout stems Forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	8.7
196	English Oak	430 900	18m	9.25	10	10.5	11.5		0.5	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Dual stem from c. 0.5m Well distributed scaffold structure forming domed canopy Average internal deadwood Low hanging lateral limb to the west Forms a principal feature along field boundary Contributes to screen on sites eastern boundary Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	12
197	Field Maple	2*290 3*180#	12m	3.5	5#	6.5	7		2.75	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Possible lapsed coppice stool, cavities and associated decay in bole Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	5.7
198	English Oak	365#	13m	4	6.5#	6.75	8		1.75	1.5	Early Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Above average epicormic growth throughout Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	4.5
199	Ash	350 510	13.5m	5.75	7#	4.5	9.75		2.5	0.5	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Significant decay at base extending c. 1.75m up west side of stem Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	7.5
200	Field Maple	2*180 2*190 3*160	9m	4.25	5.25	6.25	2.75		2.5	2	Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	Possible lapsed coppice stool Decay at base Die back and stem failures within west canopy Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	5.1

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
201	English Oak	1120	22m	4.25	11.5	13	13.75		4.5	1.75	Mature	Average	Indifferent	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Single stem, sub dominants to the east and west at c. 4.5m and 5.5m</p> <p>Visible limb failures throughout canopy</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	13.5
202	Field Maple	350	14m	3	5	6	5.25		2	1.75	Early Mature	Average	Poor	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Heavily suppressed by companion shelter</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	4.2
203	English Oak	505	19m	0	3	13	8.75		4	1	Early Mature	Average	Poor	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Leaning to the south</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	6
204	English Oak	450	19m	1	4	10	5		6	2	Early Mature	Average	Poor	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	5.4

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
205	English Oak	1080#	22m	10	7.5	11	12		3.5	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Prominent buttress roots extending to the east and west</p> <p>Fibre buckling to the north side of stem</p> <p>Clad in Ivy</p> <p>Average internal deadwood</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	12.9
206	English Oak	420#	5m								Early Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Standing deadwood	U	N/A
207	Ash	760 320	20m	7	8.75	8.25	10		2.75	1	Mature	Average	Poor	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Single stout stem forking at c. 1.5m into two co-dominants</p> <p>Cavity at base of stem</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	9.9
208	English Oak	740#	16m	4	5.5	8.5	9		2	1.75	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Single stem forking at c. 4.25m into a multiple scaffold structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Epicormic growth throughout</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	9
209	English Oak	835 400	17m	11.5#	10	9	6.75		4	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site</p> <p>Dual stem from base, northern stem leaning to the north</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood</p> <p>Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the north and south</p>	B2	11.1

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
210	English Oak	360 230 335 350 370	17m	5	8.25	7.25	4		2.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Multi stemmed from base Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	9
211	English Oak	765 180	19m	4.75	5	8.5	6.25		1.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	9.3
212	English Oak	570#	20m	4.75	6.5	8	7.5		3	1.75	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	6.9
213	English Oak	450 oi	11m	5.25	7	8	6		2.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	5.4

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
214	Ash	380#	14m	1	6	8.75	5.25		4.5	2.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	4.5
215	English Oak	700 795	21.5m	4.75	7.5	13.25	10.5		5.5	2.25	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be a principal component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Moderate example of the species at maturity Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	A2	12.6
217	Sycamore	440#	12m					6	4#	4#	Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	Above average deadwood and significant die back within upper canopy Considered to be in a state of terminal decline	U	N/A
218	English Oak	1300#	23m	12#	10	11.5	13		3.5	3.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be a principal component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Single stem forking at c. 6m into a well distributed scaffold structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Moderate example of the species at maturity Visible for moderate distances to the north, south and west	A2	15
219	English Oak	1010 oi	21m	10#	7.75	10	6.5		4	6.5	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Single stem forking at c. 4m into two co-dominants Clad in Ivy Sparse canopy with above average deadwood and die back Mutual suppression from companion shelter Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Considered to be of low arboricultural value Visible for moderate distances to the north, south and west	C1	12



Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
220	English Oak	1000#	19m	10#	5.75	5.25	9		1.75	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	12
221	English Oak	695	19m	10#	7	4	5.75		6	4.5 to south	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	B2	8.4
222	Ash	355 385	18m	6#	6	4.5	6		8	11 to south	Mature	Below Average	Poor	Component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Appears to have been previously copparded at c. 1.5m, regrowth now forms canopy Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Considered to be of low arboricultural value Visible for moderate distances to the north, south and west	C1	6.3
223	English Oak	1350#	23m	10.5#	15	10#	12		6.75	7.5	Mature	Average	Poor	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the sides of a public footpath emerging from Warren Road on the north east boundary of site Single stem forking at c. 6m into a well distributed scaffold structure typical for the species in context Mutual suppression from companion shelter and associated deadwood Combined with G12 provides a dense screen for school fields to the north Moderate example of the species at maturity Visible for moderate distances to the north and south	A2	15

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
224	English Oak	1335 oi	23m	11#	13	12.5	15		4	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen to the east of G12 Single stem for the majority of the trees height Well distributed scaffold structure forming a domed canopy Clad in Ivy Bulging to south east side of stem at c. 1.5m Limb failure within southern canopy Average internal deadwood High quality example of the species at maturity Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the north, east and south	A12	15
225	Larch	510	15m					9	3	0.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6
226	Ash	460	22m					7.5	7	5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.4
227	English Oak	745	22m					10	3.25	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9
228	English Oak	985	23m					8.5	4.25	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	11.7
229	Larch	585	20m					6.5	8	6#	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
230	Sycamore	435 300	20m					9.25	3.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.3
231	Sycamore	480	23m					10.25	3	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.7
232	Sycamore	660	23m					14.5	2	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
233	English Oak	760	19m					13.25	3	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9
234	Sycamore	470	20m					7.25	6	5.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.7
235	Sycamore	595	24m					10	7.75	4.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.2

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
236	English Oak	1035	7m					4.5	4		Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Component of W2 Standing dead timber	U	N/A
237	Sycamore	320	10.5m					5.5	1.5	4.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3.9
238	Sycamore	460	20m					8.5	3	8.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.4
239	Sycamore	645	26m					7.75	1.5	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
240	Ash	565	26m					11.25	17	14	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.9
241	Sycamore	415	18m					10	4.5	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1
242	Sycamore	665	23m					10	6	3.25	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.1
243	Sycamore	525	23m					9.75	5	4	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	6.3
244	Sycamore	440	23m					7	2.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.4
245	Sycamore	640	23m					11.75	4.75	3.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
246	Sycamore	430	21m					8	1	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1
247	Ash	690	26m					13.75	5	6	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.4
248	Sycamore	660	21m					10.25	3	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.8
249	Sycamore	750#	22m					11.5	3	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
250	Sycamore	815	25m					13.5	2.5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9.9
251	Sycamore	365	18m					6.25	3	5.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	4.5
252	Sycamore	475 oi	18m					8	2.5	5.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.7
253	Sycamore	965	27m					8.75	3	5#	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	11.7
254	Ash	255	12m					11.5	4.25	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	3
255	Sycamore	630 490 510 oi	21m					13.25	2	1	Mature	Average	Hazardous	Poor union at c. 1m, appears to be separating Considered to be hazardous, anticipate major structural failure	U	N/A
256	Sycamore	3*170	16m					7.5	3.5	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Stem previously failed at c. 1m, regrowth now forms poorly structured canopy	U	N/A
257	English Oak	1140	24m					12	4.25	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	13.8
258	Ash	770	25m					12	4.5	5.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9.3
259	Ash	435	24m					12	6.5	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1
260	Alder	555 225	20m					6.5	5	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.2
261	English Oak	890	23m					12.5	6.25	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	10.8
262	Sycamore	420	14m					9.25	3.5	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1
263	Silver Birch	425	24m					6.5	12	12#	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	5.1

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
264	Sycamore	835	21m					9	2.75	1	Mature	Average	Poor	Large cavity with associated decay on south side of stem from base to c. 4m Poor union at c. 3m with extensive included bark Reduced future potential due to poor structural condition	U	N/A
265	Sycamore	900#	20m					9.5	5	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	10.8
266	Sycamore	830	22m					9.75	6	1.5	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Poor union at c. 1.5m with extensive included bark Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9.9
267	English Oak	725	23m					11.5	7.5	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.7
268	English Oak	745	22m					10	6	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9
269	Sycamore	715	16m					13.5	2.5	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	8.7
270	English Oak	875	23m					9.5	5.5	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	10.5
271	Sycamore	630	22m					11	4.5	1.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	7.5
272	Sycamore	795	24m					11.5	4.75	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9.6
273	Sycamore	755	20m					15.5	5	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Structure typical for the species in context	A2	9
274	Sycamore	950	25m					10	8.5	6	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of W2 Categorised as high arboricultural value as part of collective forming the woodland frontage Poor union at c. 3m with extensive included bark Structure typical for the species in context	A2	11.4
275	Cherry	490	12m	4.75	8.5	8.5	4		1.5	1	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen to west of G17 Suppressed to the north and west Average internal deadwood Unremarkable specimen of limited merit Prominent in short distance views only	C12	6

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
276	Cherry	310	13.5m	3.5	6.25	5.75	2		2.5	1.75	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen to west of G17 Suppressed to the north and west Average internal deadwood Unremarkable specimen of limited merit Prominent in short distance views only	C12	3.6
277	Norway Maple	210	8.5m	2	5	4	4.5		1.75	2	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Average internal deadwood Unremarkable specimen of limited merit Prominent in short distance views only	C12	2.4
278	English Oak	430	14m	5#	5.75	3	5.25		1.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Mutual suppression, forming one cohesive canopy with T279 Provides screening for residential property to the north Prominent in short distance views only	B2	5.1
279	English Oak	370	14m	5#	5.5	5.5	2		1.5	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Mutual suppression, forming one cohesive canopy with T278 Provides screening for residential property to the north Prominent in short distance views only	B2	4.5
280	English Oak	280	6.5m					3.25	2	2	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen on south west boundary of site Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	3.3
281	English Oak	150	5.5m					2.75	0	0	Young	Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen on south west boundary of site Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	1.8
282	English Oak	1800#	27m	11.75	11	10#	10#		4	2	Over Mature	Average	Indifferent	<b>Scheduled as T7 within TPO 201/21/0742</b> Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden, principal component of G19 Single fluted stem forking at c. 4m into a well distributed multiple scaffold structure typical for the species Significant limb failures to the north east and north west at c. 4.5m Previous limb removal within lower canopy to crown lift Considered to be a high quality example of the species at maturity Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A12	15
283	English Oak	850#	21m	10	12	7	7#		4	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	<b>Scheduled as T8 within TPO 201/21/0742</b> Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Single stem forking at c. 4m into two co-dominants Clad in dead Ivy Structure typical for the species in context Previous limb removals within lower canopy Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Considered to be of moderate arboricultural value Visible for moderate distances to the east	B12	10.2

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
284	English Oak	2*410 300 350	16.5m	6	8.25	5	5#	0	1.75	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	<p><b>Scheduled as T9 within TPO 201/21/0742</b></p> <p>Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden</p> <p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site</p> <p>Multi stemmed from base</p> <p>Structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the east</p>	B2	9	
285	English Oak	400	15m	6	2	0	5#	2	3	Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	<p>Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden</p> <p>Component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site</p> <p>Suppression from companion shelter and above average associated deadwood</p> <p>Significant die back within canopy</p> <p>Considered to be of low arboricultural value</p> <p>Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the east</p>	C12	4.8	
286	English Oak	1380	18m	8	9.5	9	9#	3	1	Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	<p>Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site</p> <p>Single stem forking at c. 4m into a multiple scaffold structure typical for the species in context</p> <p>Clad in Ivy, unable to inspect unions</p> <p>Barb wire included in stem</p> <p>Extensive epicormic growth and burring throughout stem and canopy</p> <p>Low hanging limbs to the east canopy</p> <p>Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the east</p>	B2	15	
287	English Oak	400	13.5m	8	6	5	2	2	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	<p>Component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site</p> <p>Heavily suppressed by companion shelter causing distorted canopy form</p> <p>Epicormic growth throughout</p> <p>Considered to be of low arboricultural value</p> <p>Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west</p> <p>Visible for moderate distances to the east</p>	C1	4.8	

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
288	English Oak	2*600#	16m	6	7	6	6#		0	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Dual stem from base Structure typical for the species in context Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	10.2
289	English Oak	850#	20m	6	9	7	6#		3	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Single stem forking into a multiple scaffold structure typical for the species in context Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	10.2
290	English Oak	800#	17m					9.75#	4#	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Unable to thoroughly inspect as inaccessible due to dense understory Structure appears typical for the species in context Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	9.6
291	English Oak	600#	11m					6.5#	4#	4	Early Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Inaccessible, offsite within neighbouring residential garden Standing deadwood	U	N/A
292	English Oak	600#	15.5m					7.5#	2#	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Unable to thoroughly inspect as inaccessible due to dense understory Structure appears typical for the species in context Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	7.2
293	English Oak	1000#	21m	9.5	10.5	9.5#	9.5#		4#	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Unable to thoroughly inspect as inaccessible due to dense understory Structure appears typical for the species in context Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	12



Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
294	English Oak	1200#	20m	9.75	11.25	13	9.75#		2#	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, offsite within residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of intermittently cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the south west boundary of site Unable to thoroughly inspect as inaccessible due to dense understory Structure appears typical for the species in context Combined with G19 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	14.4
295	Beech	370	20m					7.5	0.5	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Structure typical for the species in context Forms one cohesive canopy with T296-297 Dense understory of Laurel and Holly Provides screen for north perimeter of residential property	B2	4.5
296	Beech	660	20m					7.5	3	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Structure typical for the species in context Forms one cohesive canopy with T295 and 297 Dense understory of Laurel and Holly Provides screen for north perimeter of residential property	B2	7.8
297	Beech	380	17m					7.5	2.5	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Structure typical for the species in context Forms one cohesive canopy with T295-296 Dense understory of Laurel and Holly Provides screen for north perimeter of residential property	B2	4.5
298	Ash	2*80	8m					2.25	2.25	2.25	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Self set specimen within residential garden Considered to be of low arboricultural value Readily replaced	C12	1.5
299	Silver Birch	130	11m					2.5	1.5	1.5	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Establishing ornamental planting within residential garden Considered to be of low arboricultural value Readily replaced	C12	1.5
301	Goat Willow	205 175 160 200	13m					5.5	2	1.75	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental planting within residential garden Prominent within short distance views only Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	4.5
302	Douglas Fir	800#	26m					6	5	3	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Located within north west corner of residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, semi mature to mature specimens lining the western boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Combined with G24 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	9.6
303	Beech	390 420	15.5m					6.25	3	2.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Located within north west corner of residential garden Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, semi mature to mature specimens lining the western boundary of site Structure typical for the species in context Combined with G24 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	6.9
304	Copper Beech	555	11.5m	9.5	9.75	9.5	7.25		1.75	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent specimen within residential garden Single stem for the majority of the trees height Previously unsympathetically topped and pruned within lower canopy Moderate example of the species whilst maturing Prominent within short distance views only	B1	6.6

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
305	Beech	580	18m					7	4.25	2.25	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of G26 Clad in Ivy Mutually suppressed and cohesive with T306 Structure typical for the species in context Prominent within short distance views only	C1	6.9
306	False Acacia	505 2*440	19m					6.75	4.25	6	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of G26 Clad in Ivy Mutually suppressed and cohesive with T305 Canopy appears sparse Structure typical for the species in context Prominent within short distance views only	C1	9.6
307	Sycamore	240 165	11m	5.5	5.25	3.5	4.75		1.25	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Likely to be self set specimen Structure typical for the species Provides some screening benefits with T308 Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	3.6
308	Sycamore	550	15m	7.5	7.5	8	7		3	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Structure typical for the species Clad in Ivy Provides some screening benefits with T307 Prominent feature likely to be visible for moderate distances to the north, east and south	B2	6.6
309	Scots Pine	530	19m	5.25	3.25	4	6		7	5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Located on the eastern boundary of residential garden Structure typical for the species in context Cohesive with T310 Provides dense screen for residential property Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	6.3
310	Beech	550	19m	6	8.5	9#	7.5		4.25	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Located on the eastern boundary of residential garden Structure typical for the species in context Cohesive with T309 Provides dense screen for residential property Visible for moderate distances to the east	B2	6.6
311	Sycamore	690	16.5m	8.25	8.25	9.25	7#		2.25	1	Mature	Average	Poor	Independent specimen within field/paddock to east of residential property Clad in Ivy Large wound with associated decay in southern co-dominant Structure typical for the species Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	8.4
312	Sycamore	775	18.5m	7.25	6	11.5	8.5		1.5	0.5	Mature	Average	Hazardous	Independent specimen within field/paddock to east of residential property Clad in Ivy Large wound with extensive internal decay on north tension side of stem, leaning and canopy weight to the south Considered to be hazardous	U	N/A
313	Sycamore	510	17.5m	8	5#	7.25	8		2	2.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent component of H13 Previous limb removals within lower canopy to crown lift Structure typical for the species Contributes to screen for residential property Visible for moderate distances to the east and south	B2	6

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
314	English Oak	1100#	23m	7.5	6	8.5	5.75#		3.5	4	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, semi mature to mature specimens lining the western boundary of site within residential garden Structure appears typical for the species in context Combined with G30 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Prominent within short distance views only	B2	13.2
315	English Oak	900#	18m	4.75	5	6.25	9#		3.25	3#	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category B as a component of a moderate quality collection of cohesive, semi mature to mature specimens lining the western boundary of site within residential garden Structure appears typical for the species in context Combined with G30 provides a dense screen for residential properties to the west Prominent within short distance views only	B2	10.8
316	Rowan	105	4.5m					2	2	1.75	Semi Mature	Below Average	Poor	Standing deadwood Prominent within short distance views only	U	N/A
317	Apple	105	3.4m					3	0.5	0.5	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Readily replaced Considered to be of low arboricultural value Prominent within short distance views only	C12	1.2
318	Horse Chestnut	185	5.5m					3	1.25	1.5	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Readily replaced Considered to be of low arboricultural value Prominent within short distance views only	C12	2.1
319	Apple	100	3m					2.25	1	1	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Readily replaced Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	1.2
320	English Oak	1000#	15m	6#	8	7	8		4	2.75	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Independent component of H16 Densely clad in Ivy, unable to thoroughly inspect Structure appears typical for the species Dense canopy cover Below average internal deadwood Contributes to screening for school to the north	B2	12
321	Cherry	245	6m	2	4.25	3.5	4		1.5	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental planting in grass verge, north of residential property on Warren Road Previously unsympathetically reduced Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	3
322	Silver Birch	250#	13m					3	1.75	1.5	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible, ornamental planting within residential garden on Warren Road Previously unsympathetically reduced Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	3
323	English Oak	570	13m	9.5	10.25	9.5	9		2.25	2	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Single stem forking at c. 2.25m into a multiple scaffold structure typical for the species Moderate example of the species whilst maturing Contributes to screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B12	6.9
324	English Oak	930	20	6	10	9.75	11.5		1.75	2	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Component of H5 Single stem forking at c. 1.75m into two co-dominants Mutually suppressed and cohesive with T325 Contributes to screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	11.1

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)	
				N	E	S	W	Radial									
325	English Oak	700	19m	8	10.5	4	11.5		2.25	2.25	Mature	Average	Poor	Component of H5 Single stem forking at c. 2.25m into two co-dominants Mutually suppressed and cohesive with T324 Large wound at base of south side of stem, heartwood exposed Barb wire included in stem Contributes to screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east and west	B2	8.4	
327	Sycamore	290 2*400 3*200#	14m#					5#	2#	2#	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible at time of survey Multi stemmed from base Clad in Ivy Structure typical for the species Prominent within short distance views only Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	8.4	
328	English Oak	400 200#	9.5m#					3#	2.5#	2.5#	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible at time of survey Dual stemmed from base Clad in Ivy Structure typical for the species Prominent within short distance views only Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C12	5.4	
329	Turkey Oak	800#	19m	10.75	9.25	10.75	9.75		6	4.5 to south	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Located within south west corner of school grounds Single stem, sub dominant limb to the south west at c. 3m Structure typical for the species Prominent feature visible from Andover Road Considered to be of moderate arboricultural quality	A2	9.6	
330	English Oak	265	8m	5.5	0	0	7.5		5	2.25	Semi Mature	Below Average	Poor	Significant herbivore damage to east side of stem Heavily suppressed by companion shelter Considered to be of low arboricultural value	C1	3.3	
331	Horse Chestnut	760														A2	9
332	Hornbeam	650														B2	7.8
333	English Oak	650														B2	7.8
334	English Oak	925														A2	11.1
335	Yew	670														B2	8.1
336	English Oak	1090														A2	13.2
337	Ash	525														B2	6.3
338	Horse Chestnut	940														A2	11.4
339	Sycamore	715														B2	8.7
340	English Oak	1020												Internal components of W2		A2	12.3
341	Alder	430 420 410 400 295														B2	10.5
342	Sycamore	470														B2	5.7
343	Alder	470														B2	5.7
344	Alder	595														B2	7.2
345	Alder	680														B2	8.1
346	Ash	915 oi														A2	11.1
347	Sycamore	520														B2	6.3
348	Sycamore	525														B2	6.3
349	Ash	890 oi														A2	10.8
350	English Oak	770														B2	9.3
351	Alder	625														B2	7.5
352	Alder	405														B2	4.8

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
353	Holly	2*465													B2	7.8
		390														
		385														
354	Alder	380													B2	9
		330														
355	Silver Birch	610													B2	7.2
356	Hornbeam	440													B2	5.4
357	Lime	620													B2	7.5
358	English Oak	1180													A2	14.1
359	Alder	475													B2	5.7
360	Ash	680													B2	8.1
361	Alder	400													B2	4.8
362	Sycamore	390													B2	4.8
363	Ash	615													B2	7.5
		455														
364	Alder	425													B2	7.5
		415														
365	Alder	325													B2	6.3
366	Alder	400													A2	4.8
367	Alder	485											Internal components of W2		A2	5.7
368	Alder	670#													A2	8.1
369	Alder	515													A2	6.3
370	Scots Pine	910													A2	10.8
		520														
		480														
371	Alder	325													A2	9.9
		270														
372	Alder	620													A2	7.5
373	Alder	385													A2	4.5
374	Alder	405													A2	4.8
375	Alder	630													A2	7.5
376	Silver Birch	330													A2	3.9
377	Alder	385													A2	4.5
378	Alder	575													A2	6.9
379	Silver Birch	330													A2	3.9
380	Silver Birch	515													A2	6.3
381	Silver Birch	530													A2	6.3
382	Sycamore	550													A2	6.6
383	Ash	365													A2	4.5
		370														
		230														
384	Alder	275													A2	8.7
		370														
		360														
385	Sycamore	370													A2	4.5
386	Alder	525													A2	6.3
387	Sycamore	410	22m					2	12	13	Early Mature	Dead	Hazardous	Component of W2 Standing deadwood	U	N/A
388	Turkey Oak	530 oi	17m	7	2.5	3.5	6.5		2	3	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Considered to be category A as a component of a high quality collection of cohesive, early mature to mature specimens lining the east and west sides of Kendrick Road Structure typical for the species in context Combined with the understory group of G1 contributes to a dense screen separating views from east to west Likely to be visible for moderate distances in all directions	A2	6.3

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
389	Horse Chestnut	7 x 120#	7m max					3.25	0.5	1	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Grown out hedgerow component Previously managed as part of H16 Upper canopy structure typical for species Considered to be of low arboricultural quality	C12	3.9
G1	English Oak Field Maple Holly Hawthorn	300 av	8m max					4 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Young to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Forms the understory of T29 to T83 and T87 to T112 Typical composition of hedgerow species Structures appear typical for the species	C1	3.6
G2	Norway Spruce	610 max	11.5m max					4.5 max	3 av	2 av	Early Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Parcel of 4no. Norway Spruce Poaching damaging on lower trunks Low quality collection	C1	7.2
G3	Leyland Cypress Elm	600# max	9m max					4.5 max	2 av	2 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Below Average	Poor	2no. Leyland and 1no. Elm Significant dieback Likely to be in a state of decline	U	N/A
G4	Sycamore Hawthorn	320 max	12m max					6 max	2 av	2 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Self-set parcel of scrub on the fringe of G1 Low arboricultural quality	C1	3.9
G5	Field Maple Hawthorn	350 max	8m max					4.5 max	2 av	1.5av	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Forms the understory of T114 to T120 Native hedgerow composition Contributes to a boundary screen	C1	4.2
G6	Lime English Oak Hawthorn Elm	850 max	22m max					8.5 max	0.5 to 2	0.5 to 2	Early Mature to Mature	Below Average	Indifferent	Ornamental linear collection of Lime Varying in quality, the principal trees have been surveyed independently Remaining specimens are displaying varying symptoms of poor physiological form, with intermittent dieback and areas of deadwood Individually the trees would be considered to be of low arboricultural quality, as a collection they form a prominent feature moderately contributing to the sites amenity	B2	10.2
G7	Ash English Oak Sycamore Hawthorn Elm	370 450 max	18.5m max					9.25 max	0.5 to 2	1.5 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Poor	Likely to be mostly self-set specimens along a former hedge line defining the boundaries of a paddock which is now inter filled with self-sets listed under G8 Most are multi-stemmed from the base Visible mainly within internal views Unremarkable examples of these species Contributes to a boundary screen Low arboricultural quality	C12	6.9
G8	Elm Norway Spruce Apple Laburnum Sycamore Hawthorn	215# max	14m max					4 max	1.5 av	1 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Predominately Elm Parcel of semi mature self-set filling an internal area between G6 and G7 Low quality	C1	2.7
G9	Hazel Hawthorn Ash	11*150 3*200# av	11m max					8.75 max	0.5 av	2 av	Semi Mature to Mature	Average	Indifferent	Former field boundary hedgerow, remnants are now creating an intermittent boundary group forming the understory of T129 to T133 Predominantly lapsed Hazel coppice stools	C1	7.2
G10	Hawthorn Hazel Ash Silver Birch	250 max	5m to 10m					3 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Self set scrub Low quality	C12	3
G11	Alder	4*280 2*230 3*150# max	16m max					7.5 max	1.5 av	1.5 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Parcel of 3no. Alder Multi stemmed, self-set specimens emerging from W2 Unremarkable examples of their species	C1	8.1

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
G12	Ash	400 max	20m max					7 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Young to Early Mature	Below Average to Average	Indifferent	Forms the understory of T200 to T223 Predominately remnants of a field boundary hedgerow	B2	4.8
	Field Maple															
	Holly															
	English Oak															
	Hawthorn															
	Blackthorn															
	Hazel															
Sycamore																
Elm																
Yew																
G13	Douglas Fir	780 max	19m max					5 max	1.5 av	0.5 av	Young to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Internal parcel of ornamental plantings with varying ages Visible for moderate distances in all directions Structures typical for the species in context Understory on the south side is made up of self-set Hawthorn and to the north younger ornamentals	B2	9.3 max 4.8 av
	Norway Spruce															
	Rowan															
	Norway Maple															
	Ash															
	Sycamore															
	Beech															
Hawthorn																
Holm Oak																
Silver Maple																
G14	Lime	270 max	6.5m max					4 max	1.5 av	1 av	Young to Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Parcel of 4no. Ornamental plantings Low arboricultural value Readily replaced	C12	3.3
G15	Douglas Fir	760 max	20m max					7 max	1.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature to Mature	Average	Indifferent	Parcel of ornamental plantings visible for moderate distances in all directions Elder and Holly form the groups understory Moderate quality	B2	9 max 4.8 av
	Norway Spruce															
	Holly															
	Elder															
G16	Holm Oak	210 max	8m max					5 max	1.5 av	1 av	Young to Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental plantings Low arboricultural value Readily replaced	C12	2.4
	Rowan															
	Lime															
	Norway Maple															
	Leyland Cypress															
	Apple															
	Whitebeam															
Hornbeam																
Photinia																
G17	Douglas Fir	750 max	23m max					10 max	1.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature to Mature	Average	Indifferent	Parcel of ornamental plantings visible for moderate distances Structures typical for the species within context Canopies internally mutually suppressed	B2	9
	Holly															
	Laurel															
	Elder															
G18	English Oak	380 max	10m max					5 max	1 av	1 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Offsite Small parcel of Oak visible within short distance views Contribute to the density of the boundary screen Structures appear typical for the species	C1	4.5
G19	Silver Birch	220 av	12m max					5.25 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Young to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Dense intermittent parcels distributed along the western boundary Forms the understory to T282 to T294 Provides screening to the west Individuals of low value	C12	2.7
	Holly															
	Hawthorn															
	Rowan															
	Elder															
	Laurel															
Lawson Cypress																
Blackthorn																

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
G20	Hawthorn Yew Holly Sycamore Elder	230 max	8m max					4 max	1 av	1 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Small parcels along the western perimeter of the site Provides a screen from adjacent residential properties to the west Specimens within are of low arboricultural value	C12	2.7
G21	English Oak Sycamore Silver Birch Norway Spruce Holly	520 max	19m max					5m into site	1 av	1 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Offsite DBH taken from specimens along the site boundary Species appear typical for the species Understory of Gorse within the northern extent	B2	6.3
G22	Laurel Holly	150 max	5m max					2 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental plantings Contributes to a boundary screen	C12	1.8
G23	English Oak Norway Maple Hornbeam Apple Plum Lime Ash	295 max	11m max					5 max	1.5 av	1.5 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Parcel of ornamental plantings within residential garden Considered to be of low arboricultural value as most are readily replaced at their current age Prominent within short distance views only	C12	3.6
G24	Norway Maple Hawthorn Ash Scots Pine Douglas Fir Holly Lawson Cypress Laurel English Oak Sycamore Hazel	470 445 max 300 av	20m max					10.5 max	1 av	1 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Shelter belt group distributed along the western boundary Provides a dense screen separating views between adjacent residential dwellings and site Structures typical for the species in context Prominent within short distance views only	B2	7.8 max 3.6 av
G25	Lawson Cypress Holly Laurel False Acacia Yew Horse Chestnut Ash	790 max 250 av	19m max					9 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature to Mature	Average	Indifferent	Extending from G24 to the east Contributes to boundary screening Prominent within short distance views	B2	9.6 max 3 av
G26	Apple Holly Laurel Purple Plum Beech False Acacia Ash Lilac Yew	190 max	6m max					3 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Parcel of ornamental plantings Visible within short distance views only	C12	2.4
G27	Douglas Fir Sycamore Scots Pine Holly	610 max	22m max					8.75 max	3 to 8	3 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Small group lining the driveway to residential property in the west Provides screening for the area to the east Likely to be visible for moderate distances to the east Structures appear typical for the species in context Mutual internal suppression and average amounts of deadwood throughout	B2	7.2



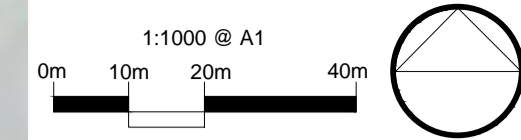
Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
G28	Lime	240 av	9.5 max					4 av	1.75 av	1.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	6no. Ornamental plantings evenly distributed forming a small avenue Readily replaced at current age	C12	3
G29	Corsican Pine Sycamore	670 max	22m max	6	6	9.75	7		2 to 5.5	1 to 3.5	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Small parcel set within residential garden Likely to be visible within moderate distances to the east Understory of Holly within the W extent Structures appear typical for the species in context Mutually suppressed	B2	8.1
G30	Douglas Fir Lawson Cypress Holly Hornbeam Beech Western Red Cedar English Oak Laurel Cotoneaster	770 max 250 av	27m max					9 max to N extent 4.25 max to S extent	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature to Mature	Average	Indifferent	Shelter belt group distributed along the western perimeter Structures appear typical for the species in context Understory is made up of Holly and Laurel	B2	9.3 max 3 av
G31	Lime Scots Pine Horse Chestnut Turkey Oak Lawson Cypress	a. 700# b. 600# c. 600# d. 400# e. 550# f. 500# g. 600# h. 600# i. 500# j. 500, 350# k. 600# l. 450# m. 550# n. 600, 450# o. 550# p. 600# q. 450#	10m to 21m			a. 6.5 b. 5 c. 4 d. 4.75 e. 5 f. 5.25 g. 5.25 h. 5.25 i. 5 j. 7.25 k. 6.25 l. 4# m. 6.75 n. 9.25 o. 5.5 p. 5 q. 4.5			2.5 to 5	Early Mature to Mature	Average	Indifferent	<b>Afforded protection within TPO 201/21/916</b> Linear collection of various ornamental plantings distributed along the southern perimeter of the schools grounds Understory formed by a hedgerow, maintained at c.2m Possible previous ground works c.4.5m from the stems for the installation of utilities, ground appears compacted Specimens within the group appear typical for these species Canopies are mutually suppressed to the east and west <b>Dead Pine (component e) within the group - removed</b> Horse Chestnut within the western extent has dieback within the upper canopy Pine within the western extent has a significant limb failure on the south side of the canopy	B2	a. 8.4 b. 7.2 c. 7.2 d. 4.8 e. N/A f. 6 g. 7.2 h. 7.2 i. 6 j. 7.2 k. 7.2 l. 5.4 m. 6.6 n. 9 o. 6.6 p. 7.2 q. 5.4	
G32	Apple Pear	160# max	5m max					3.5# max	1 av	1 av	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Inaccessible at time of survey Maintained orchard group within residential land Structures typical for the species Prominent within short distance views only Readily replaced	C12	1.8
G33	Leyland Cypress Sycamore Elder	350# max	12.5m max					5 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature to Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Small collection comprising of planted and self set specimens Clad and obscured by Bramble Low arboricultural quality	C12	4.2
H1	Hawthorn Holly Elm Elder	220 max	8m max					6 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained field boundary hedgerow	C1	2.7

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
H2	Hawthorn	155 160 105 140 115 4*80 max	9m max					6.25 max	0.5 av	1.5 av	Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained field boundary hedgerow	C1	3.9
H3	Hawthorn Ash Hazel	250 max	3m to 5m					3 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained field boundary hedgerow	C1	3
H4	Leyland Cypress	300 av	17m av					7.5 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature	Average	Poor	Unmaintained hedge between land associated with an adjacent property and the farm yard Planted at c.1m spacing's Low arboricultural quality	C1	3.6
H5	Hawthorn Field Maple Blackthorn Hazel Holly	270 max	13m max					5.5 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature to Mature	Below Average to Average	Indifferent	Internal field boundary hedgerow Unmaintained and overgrown	C1	3.3
H6	Hawthorn Elm English Oak Sycamore Yew	240 max	10m max					4 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Young to Early Mature	Below Average to Average	Indifferent	Field boundary hedgerow Unmaintained Provides a length of boundary screen Dead Elm set within the northern extent	C1	3
H7	Leyland Cypress	320 max	14m max					5 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Continuing from H6 Provides a screen from residential properties to the west	C1	3.9
H8	Leyland Cypress	160 av	5m max					1.5 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Previously topped at c.4m Readily replaced	C1	1.8
H9	Western Red Cedar Leyland Cypress	150 max	3 max					1 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Maintained ornamental hedge	C1	1.8
H10	Leyland Cypress Western Red Cedar	150 av	4m max					1.25 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental hedge Provides a low level screen	C1	1.8
H11	Beech	70 av	3m av					1 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental hedge Provides a low level screen	C12	0.9
H12	Leyland Cypress	100 av	4m max					1 av	1 av	1 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental hedge Provides a low level screen	C12	1.2
H13	Beech Holly	150 max	4m av					1.5 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Maintained ornamental hedge	C1	1.8
H14	Leyland Cypress	160 max	2.5 av					2.75 max	0.5 av	1.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Maintained hedge Low arboricultural value	C1	1.8
H15	Hawthorn Holly Willow sp. Yew English Oak Ash Sycamore	150 max	6m max					2.75 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Ornamental hedge Previously topped at c.2m Low arboricultural value	C12	1.8
H16	Hawthorn Blackthorn English Oak Lonicera Ash Horse Chestnut	150 max	7m max					4 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained hedge Previously topped at c.2m Low arboricultural value	C12	1.8
H17	Privet	75 max	3 av					1 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Maintained ornamental hedge Provides dense screening from residential properties to the south	C12	0.9

Tree Number	Common Species Name	Trunk Diameter (mm)	Height (m)	Crown Spread (m)					First Significant Branch (m)	Crown Clearance (m)	Life Stage	Physiological Condition	Structural Condition	Comments	BS5837 Category	RPA Radius (m)
				N	E	S	W	Radial								
H18	Western Red Cedar Leyland Cypress	80 av	2m to 4m					0.5 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Maintained ornamental hedgerow Prominent within short distance views only	C12	0.9
H19	Hawthorn	200 av	6.5m max					4.5 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Early Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained internal field boundary hedgerow Separates views from east to west	C12	2.4
H20	Hawthorn Yew Turkey Oak Cotoneaster Hazel Holly Beech Rowan Privet English Oak	80 max	4m max					2.5 max	0.5 av	0.5 av	Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained boundary hedgerow on southern perimeter of school field Provides understory to G31 and screen separating views from north to south	C1	0.9
H21	Lawson Cypress Leyland Cypress	100 av	4m to 5m					1.5 av	0.5 av	0.5 av	Young to Semi Mature	Average	Indifferent	Unmaintained ornamental planted hedgerow	C12	1.2
W1	English Oak Sycamore Hazel Hawthorn Holly Larch Ash English Oak Sycamore Alder	600# av	23m max					7.5 av	2 av	2 av	Early Mature to Mature	Below Average to Average	Indifferent	Parcel of deciduous woodland Predominately Oak standards with an understory of Hazel and Holly High arboricultural and landscape quality T18 to T27 are components of the woodland edge	A12	7.2
W2	Silver Birch Hornbeam Holly Elm Hazel False Acacia	600# av	26m max					7 av	2 av	2 av	Early Mature to Mature	Below Average to Average	Poor to Indifferent	Internal Belt of deciduous woodland Within the basin the woodland is predominately comprised of Alder with outlying Ash and Oak on the boundaries, moving towards New Warren Farm Sycamore becomes more common High arboricultural and landscape quality T134 to T173 and T225 to T274 form the woodland edge T331 to T386 are internal components	A12	7.2

APPENDIX C

TREE PROTECTION PLAN (9219 TPP 05 Rev A)



- KEY:**
- ⊙ 15 Tree Numbers
  - Tree Canopies
  - Category 'U' Trees
  - Category 'A' RPA
  - Category 'B' RPA
  - Category 'C' RPA
  - Tree Preservation Order
  - ⊗ Trees to be Removed
  - Tree Protection Barrier
  - ▭ Manual Excavation
  - ▭ Above Soil Surfacing

Note: Trees 175-179, 181, 183, 263, 308, 328, 387-389, Groups G6-G8, G18, G21 and Hedgerows H10 and H19 have been plotted using measurements onsite in conjunction with aerial imagery. Their locations were not recorded on the topographical survey of the site.

Note: The RPA footprint for trees 218, 219, 320, 329, 389 and group G31 (a-d, f-k & m-q) have been displaced to allow for the effect of the adopted highway. The surface area of the RPA has not been reduced.



Cited from Google Earth

REV.	DATE	NOTE	DRAWN	CHECK

**aspect** arboriculture

TITLE  
New Warren Farm, Newbury  
Tree Protection Plan

CLIENT  
Donnington New Homes

SCALE  
1:1000 @ A1

DATE  
DEC 2019

DRAWING  
GW

DRAWING NUMBER  
9219 TPP 05 Rev A (North)

REVISION  
A

Based on A20045\_PP06 Rev F Green Infrastructure Plan.pdf



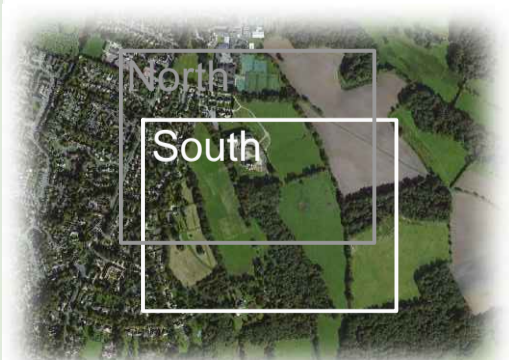
1:1000 @ A1  
0m 10m 20m 40m

KEY:

- Tree Numbers
- Tree Canopies
- Category 'U' Trees
- Category 'A' RPA
- Category 'B' RPA
- Category 'C' RPA
- Tree Preservation Order
- Tree Protection Barrier
- Manual Excavation
- Above Soil Surfacing

Note: Trees 175-179, 181, 183, 263, 308, 328, 387-389, Groups G6-G8, G18, G21 and Hedgerows H10 and H19 have been plotted using measurements onsite in conjunction with aerial imagery. Their locations were not recorded on the topographical survey of the site.

Note: The RPA footprint for trees 218, 219, 320, 329, 389 and group G31 (a-d, f-k & m-q) have been displaced to allow for the effect of the adopted highway. The surface area of the RPA has not been reduced.



Cited from Google Earth

REV	DATE	NOTE	Drawn	CHKD

**aspect** arboriculture

TITLE  
**New Warren Farm, Newbury  
Tree Protection Plan**

CLIENT  
**Donnington New Homes**

SCALE 1:1000 @ A1      DATE DEC 2019      DRAWING GW

DRAWING NUMBER 9219 TPP 05 Rev A (South)      REVISION A

Based on A200455\_PP05 Rev F Green Infrastructure Plan.pdf

## APPENDIX D

### TREE SURVEY METHODOLOGY

## Tree Survey Methodology

The tree survey is a form of Visual Tree Assessment undertaken during April 2016 and updated during July 2019. Tree locations are identified via a topographical survey; locations of any trees excluded from the topographical survey were plotted on site. The purpose of the survey is to record information about trees on or adjacent to the site to inform design options. In keeping with clause 4.4 of BS5837: 2012 'Trees in Relation to Design, Construction and Demolition', the survey provides a record of the following parameters:

**Tree Numbers:** all individual trees are sequentially numbered. Groups of trees, woodlands and hedgerow are also sequentially numbered with a corresponding prefix relevant to their type e.g. G, W or H respectively; the identification of trees as woodland, groups of trees or within hedgerows is undertaken where appropriate. The identification of trees as individuals within collections has been made where it is considered sensible to make such a differentiation.

**Species:** listed by common name

**Stem Diameter:** given in millimetres and obtained by measuring single/multiple stems at 1.5m using a diameter tape in accordance with Annex C within BS5837:2012. Diameters of inaccessible trunks are estimated and provided with the suffix '#'.

**Tree Heights:** determined using a clinometer and measured to the nearest 500mm. Heights are estimated where specific triangulation is not achievable and by reference to measured trees nearby (provided with the suffix '#').

**Crown Spreads:** measured at cardinal points using a Leica Disto™ laser distance measurer. Measurements were recorded to the nearest 250mm. Inaccessible crown spreads are estimated based on measured canopies nearby and provided with the suffix '#'

**Crown Clearance:** The height of the first significant living branch and/or canopy (as appropriate) is recorded using a Leica Disto™ laser distance measurer to inform vertical ground clearance. Crown clearance may be higher or lower than the first significant branch. Estimated clearances are provided with the suffix '#'. Height of first significant branch will be provided where considered advantageous to make the distinction.



**Life Stage** – The age of trees, groups of trees, hedges and woodlands are defined as follows:

- Young (within the first 1/4<sup>th</sup> of life expectancy)
- Semi-mature (within the second 1/4<sup>th</sup> of life expectancy)
- Early Mature (within the third 1/4<sup>th</sup> of life expectancy)
- Mature (within the fourth 1/4<sup>th</sup> of life expectancy)
- Over Mature and Veteran (exceeding normal life expectancy)
- Veteran (significantly exceeding normal life expectancy)

**Physiological and structural condition:** physiological condition defined as follows; good, above average, average, below average, poor or dead. Structural condition is defined as: good, moderate, indifferent, poor or hazardous

**Comments:** further observations were recorded where necessary i.e. details regarding defects, preliminary management recommendations, presence of pest/disease and perceived significance.

**BS5837 Category:** pursuant to BS5837:2012 section 4.5 and cascade chart for tree quality assessment (refer to reproduced Table 1 overleaf). Trees qualifying under a given category (A-C and U) and any appropriate subheading (1-3) are considered to fall within the scope of that category's definition.

**Estimated Remaining Contribution.** Described` as a guideline only and in terms of years: <10, 10+, 20+ and 40+ relevant to category U, C, B and A respectively. This information is not provided on the tree schedule to avoid conclusions based upon 'life expectancy'.

Table 1 Cascade chart for tree quality assessment

Category and definition	Criteria (including subcategories where appropriate)		
<b>Trees unsuitable for retention</b> (see Note)			
<b>Category U</b> Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Trees that have a serious, irremediable, structural defect, such that their early loss is expected due to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other category U trees (e.g. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning)</li> <li>Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline</li> <li>Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very low quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality</li> </ul> <p><i>NOTE</i> Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which it might be desirable to preserve; see 4.5.7.</p>		
	<b>1 Mainly arboricultural qualities</b>	<b>2 Mainly landscape qualities</b>	<b>3 Mainly cultural values, including conservation</b>
<b>Trees to be considered for retention</b>			
<b>Category A</b> <b>Trees of high quality</b> with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years	Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominant and/or principal trees within an avenue)	Trees, groups or woodlands of particular visual importance as arboricultural and/or landscape features	Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation, historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or wood-pasture)
<b>Category B</b> <b>Trees of moderate quality</b> with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years	Trees that might be included in category A, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant though remediable defects, including unsympathetic past management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention for beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category A designation	Trees present in numbers, usually growing as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality	Trees with material conservation or other cultural value
<b>Category C</b> <b>Trees of low quality</b> with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150 mm	Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value; and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape benefits	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural value

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